

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL COMMITTEE

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE URBAN ENVIRONMENT

CONFIRMATION OF TREE PRESERVATION ORDERS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

1. To consider whether or not the below Tree Preservation Order(s) should be confirmed with or without modification in light of the objections that have been received.

BACKGROUND

- 2. Section 198 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, provides that, where it appears to a local planning authority that it is expedient in the interests of amenity to make provision for the preservation of trees or woodlands in their area, they may for that purpose make an order with respect to such trees, groups of trees or woodlands as may be specified in the order.
- 3. A tree preservation order may, in particular, make provision—
 - (a) for prohibiting (subject to any exemptions for which provision may be made by the order) the cutting down, topping, lopping, uprooting, willful damage or willful destruction of trees except with the consent of the local planning authority, and for enabling that authority to give their consent subject to conditions;
 - (b) for securing the replanting, in such manner as may be prescribed by or under the order, of any part of a woodland area which is felled in the course of forestry operations permitted by or under the order;
 - (c) for applying, in relation to any consent under the order, and to applications for such consent, any of the provisions of this Act mentioned in subsection (4), subject to such adaptations and modifications as may be specified in the order.
- 4. Section 4 of the Town and Country Planning (Tree Preservation) (England) Regulations 2012 allows the Council to make a direction that the order shall take effect immediately for a provisional period of no more than six months.
- 5. For a tree preservation order to become permanent, it must be confirmed by the local planning authority. At the time of confirmation, any objections that have been received must be taken into account. The Town and Country Planning (Tree Preservation) (England) Regulations 2012 sets out the procedure for confirming tree preservation orders and dealing with objections.

- 6. If the decision is made to confirm a tree preservation order the local planning authority may choose to confirm the order as it is presented or subject to modifications.
- 7. New tree preservation orders are served when trees are identified as having an amenity value that is of benefit to the wider area.
- 8. When determining whether a tree has sufficient amenity to warrant the service of a preservation order it is the council's procedure to use a systematic scoring system in order to ensure consistency across the borough. In considering the amenity value of a tree factors such as the size; age; condition; shape and form; rarity; prominence; screening value and the presence of other trees present in the area are considered.
- 9. As the council is currently undergoing a systematic review of the borough's tree preservation orders, orders will also be served where there is a logistical or procedural benefit for doing so. Often with the older order throughout the borough, new orders are required to replace older order to regularise the levels of protection afforded to trees.
- 10. Where new orders are served to replace older orders, the older orders will generally need to be revoked. Any proposed revocation of orders shall be brought before the committee under a separate report.

FINANCE

11. There are no direct financial consequences arising from this report although the Committee may wish to bear in mind that the refusal or approval subject to conditions, of any subsequent applications may entitle the applicant to compensation for any loss or damage resulting from the Council's decision (Section 203 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990)

<u>LAW</u>

12. The relevant statutory provisions have been referred to in paragraph 2, 4, 5 and 10 of this report.

EQUALITY IMPACT

13. The proposals take into account the Council's Equality and Diversity Policy.

RECOMMENDATION

14. It is recommended that the tree preservation orders referred to in the Appendix to this report should be confirmed.

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DIRECTOR OF THE URBAN ENVIRONMENT

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List of Background Papers

Appendix 1.1 – TPO/0099/QBD – Confirmation Report; Appendix 1.2 – TPO Plan and Schedule as served; Appendix 1.3 – Plan identifying objectors;

Appendix 2.1 – TPO/0102/SED – Confirmation Report; Appendix 2.2 – TPO Plan and Schedule as served; Appendix 2.3 – Plan identifying objectors; **APPENDIX 1.1**

Confirmation Report for

The Borough of Dudley (Land in Quarry Road, Netherton (TPO/0091/QBD)) Tree Preservation Order 2014

Tree Preservation Order	TPO/0099/QBD
Order Title	55,56 & 57 Lantern Road, Netherton
Case officer	James Dunn
Date Served	07/07/14
Recommendation	Confirm

SITE AND SURROUNDINGS

- 1. The Tree Preservation Order covers two lime trees, and two beech trees in the front garden of 57 Lantern Road and a lime tree and a sycamore tree in the rear gardens of 55 and 56 Lantern Road respectively.
- 2. The 4 trees in the front garden of 57 Lantern Road are prominently visible in the street scene of Lantern Road. The trees in the rear gardens of 55 & 56 are publicly visible between the properties in Paint Cup Row.
- 3. The Tree Preservation Order was served following a request from a member of the public to assess the trees in Lantern Road for protection following works to other trees.

PUBLIC REPRESENTATIONS

- 4. Following the service of the order, objections were received from the owner of 57 Lantern Road about the 4 trees (T1-T4) in the front of their property and from the resident at 7a Paint Cup Row regarding the tree (T5) adjacent to their boundary. The objections are based on the following points:
 - The tree roots is lifting the pavement in front of 57 Lantern Road;
 - The driveway of 57 Lantern Road is being affected by the roots;
 - The roots have reached the property of 57 Lantern Road;
 - The trees are taller than the house and could cause serious damage to the building in the event of them falling or being struck by lightning;
 - The tree blocks the light from the street lamp;
 - The trees can cause damage to the street light and telegraph wires;
 - The leaves cause safety issues on the adjacent road and pavements;
 - The cars parked on the drive get hit by twigs and branches in adverse weather;
 - The trees will cover over the main entrance to the property if left un-pruned;
 - Branches protrude and damage the fence at the front of the property;
 - The owners of 57 Lantern Road have no intention of removing the trees, but merely wish to keep them managed at an appropriate height;
 - The resident at 7a Paint Cup Row has concerns about the safety of the tree in the rear of 55 Lantern Road due to previous failure of branches from the tree which has caused damage to the shed and summerhouse.

RESPONSE TO OBJECTIONS

- 5. The trees subject to the TPO were all assessed and found to provide a sufficient amount of amenity to the area to warrant protection under the TPO.
- 6. It was noted that the pavement in front of 57 Lantern Road has been lifted by a root of the westernmost lime tree (T1). Any root damage to the public highway is the responsibility of the Highway Authority and the Owners of the property are not liable for the cost of repair. Root damage to the public highway is a common occurrence in the urban area, and generally the Highway Authority will seek to repair the pavements rather than require the removal of the tree.
- 7. If the damage to the public highway became sufficiently bad as to warrant works to the tree, then subject to the relevant notices being served by the Highways Authority, permission would not be required to undertake the required works. As such the damage to the highway is not considered grounds to prevent the confirmation of the TPO.
- 8. On inspection some root traces were observed in the tarmac driveway of the property, but no major damage was noted. If further damage is caused by the roots of the tree, then the TPO provides a mechanism to secure permission to undertake some judicious root pruning to limit the impacts of the trees. If the damage becomes sufficiently bad, and there is no reasonable alternative action that could be taken in order to remedy the problems, then permission may be granted to fell the tree. However it is not considered that the damage is sufficiently bad enough at present to prevent any of the trees being protected by the TPO.
- 9. Whilst the roots may have reached the property, this in itself is not considered reasonable grounds to prevent the confirmation of the TPO. In terms of potential damage to the property due to the presence of roots; tree related subsidence is dependent on many factors, and not just the presence of tree roots. Given that it is, at present, impossible to predict the likelihood of such damage, it is considered inappropriate to prevent the confirmation of the order on a speculative basis.
- 10. On inspection no major defects were observed in the trees. It was noted that the trees have been pollarded in the past, and have since had their canopies pruned. Overall subject to reasonable maintenance to the trees it is not considered that they are in any way pre-disposed to failure. Also given the limited chances of the trees being struck by lightning, is it not considered that the possibility of failure can, in this instance, be used as a justification to prevent the confirmation of the TPO.
- 11. It was noted that the crown of trees 3 and 4 hangs low around the top of the adjacent street lamp and may be blocking some of the light from the street lamp. Given that the Highways Act 1980 requires that trees be pruned to keep clearance from street lights, then permission is not required in order to maintain a reasonable

clearance from the street light. As such it is not considered that the current obstruction of the street lamp is sufficient grounds to prevent the confirmation the TPO.

- 12. As discussed above permission is not required to provide an adequate clearance from the street light. This should prevent any damage to the street light. On inspection no telegraph wires were seen to pass through the trees, and therefore the chances of damage are considered minimal.
- 13. The issues relating to leaf fall from the trees are not considered to be sufficient grounds to prevent the confirmation of the TPO. Whilst leaf fall can sometimes cause issues, it is a natural process that must be tolerated if we are to enjoy the benefits of having mature trees in an urban area.
- 14. Mature trees, and lime trees in particular are prone to losing small twigs throughout the year. Lime trees are also known for producing a reasonable amount of deadwood within their crowns. This deadwood is prone to falling in unsettled weather. Normally such branches do not cause any damage, although some of the larger deadwood can.
- 15. Under the TPO permission is not required to remove deadwood, and as such this can be removed on a regular basis in order to prevent it falling of the tree. As such the presence of the TPO is not considered to present an obstacle to the removal of deadwood in order to prevent it from falling on the cars on the drive.
- 16. It is accepted that the two lime trees will need to be pruned on a reasonably regular basis in order to ensure the reasonable access to the driveway. It is not considered that permission would be required in order to provide the minimal required for both pedestrian and vehicular access to the property. If further pruning is required then, subject to an application, ongoing permission could be granted for a regular programme of works to ensure the required clearances.
- 17. If there are any branches that are likely to cause damage to the adjacent fence, then permission could be sought to remove these branches. It is considered unlikely that permission would ever be refused for such a request, where the works are required in order to prevent damage.
- 18. The purpose of a TPO is not to prevent reasonable works to protected trees, but to prevent the felling or significant works that, with a view to the amenity value of the trees, have not been justified. Given the pruning history of the trees at 57 Lantern Road, permission is likely to be granted for the re-pruning of the trees at appropriate intervals to ensure that the trees are maintained in a condition appropriate to their structure and location.
- 19. In relation to the tree adjacent to the garden of 7a Paint Cup Row, no obvious defects were observed in the tree at the time of inspection. It is likely that previous

branch failures have been limited to the shedding of deadwood. Given the lack of obvious defects, it is not considered that the condition of the tree should be grounds to prevent the confirmation of the TPO. However should any works be required in order to keep the tree in an appropriate condition, then an application could be made to secure permission.

20. Having considered the grounds of objection, it is not considered that there are sufficient grounds to prevent the confirmation of the order.

CONCLUSION

21. The trees subject to this order provide a sufficient amount of amenity to the surrounding area to warrant their inclusion within the TPO. It is not considered that the grounds for the objections are sufficient to prevent the TPO form being confirmed, and whilst the trees will need managing in the future, it is not considered that the presence of a TPO would create any unreasonable obstacles to the appropriate management of the trees.

RECOMMENDATION

22. It is recommended that the Tree Preservation Order be confirmed without modification.

APPENDIX 1.2

Tree Preservation Order Plan and Schedule As Served



Dudley Metropolitan Borough Council

55,56 & 57 Lantern Road, Netherton (TPO/0099/QBD)

Scalo: 1 . 950

Tree Preservation Order 2014

SCHEDULE

Specification of trees

Trees specified individually (encircled in black on the map)

NONE		
Reference on map	Description	Situation
	Trees specified by referent (within a dotted black line	
Т6	Sycamore	Rear Garden of 56 Lantern Road, Netherton.
Т5	Lime	Rear Garden of The Bungalow, 55 Lantern Road, Netherton.
Τ4	Copper Beech	Front Garden of The Vicarage, 57 Lantern Road, Netherton.
Т3	Copper Beech	Front Garden of The Vicarage, 57 Lantern Road, Netherton.
T2	Lime	Front Garden of The Vicarage, 57 Lantern Road, Netherton.
T1	Lime	Front Garden of The Vicarage, 57 Lantern Road, Netherton.
Reference on map	Description	Situation

Groups of trees (within a broken black line on the map)

Deferrance an man	Description	Cituation
Reference on map	Description	Situation

NONE

Woodlands (within a continuous black line on the map)

Reference on map	Description	Situation	
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<u>NONE</u>

APPENDIX 1.3

Plan Identifying Objectors Properties



★ - Objection Received from Property



Dudley Metropolitan Borough Council

55,56 & 57 Lantern Road, Netherton (TPO/0099/QBD)

Scalo: 1 . 850

Tree Preservation Order 2014

APPENDIX 2.1

Confirmation Report for

The Borough of Dudley (Gospel End Road/South View Road/Caswell Road, Sedgley (TPO/0102/SED)) Tree Preservation Order 2014

Tree Preservation Order	TPO/00102/SED
Order Title	Gospel End Road, South View Road and Caswell Road, Sedgley
Case officer	James Dunn
Date Served	25/07/14
Recommendation	Confirm without modification

SITE AND SURROUNDINGS

- 1. The Tree Preservation Order protects various trees in the properties on Gospel End Road, 37 Caswell Road, and 40 South View Road.
- 2. The trees are all considered to provide public amenity to the local area.
- 3. The order has been served following a review of existing TPOs in the area and whilst not all of the trees subject to the new order were not previously protected, they were assessed as being worthy of protection under the review.

PUBLIC REPRESENTATIOSN

- 4. Following the service of the order objections were received from the resident at 35 Caswell Road, 38 South View Road and 42 South View Road. The objections are based on the following points:
 - The beech tree (T2) in front of 37 Caswell Road and the Scots pine (T1) tree in the front garden of 40 South View Road are large trees and very close to the adjacent properties;
 - The home insurance premiums for the property have increased due to the proximity of the tree;
 - There are concerns about the roots of the trees interfering with the drains and the foundations of the adjacent properties;
 - Concerns about the safety of the tree and the potential for damage in the event of failure;
 - The beech tree (T16) in the rear garden of 58 Gospel End Road does not provide much in the way of public amenity;
 - The tree was not protected under the previous TPO;
 - The tree obstructs light from the property;
 - The leaf fall from the tree is a nuisance;
 - Falling branches from the Scots pine (T1) tree in the front garden of 40 South View Road have caused damage to the car parked on the adjacent drive;
 - There are problems with sap falling onto the car parked on the adjacent drive;
 - The driveway is subsiding adjacent to the tree;
 - The tree is an inappropriate species choice due to its location adjacent to a house.

RESPONSE TO OBJECTIONS

- 5. It is accepted that the beech tree (T3) in front of 37 Caswell Road is a large trees and that it has some overbearing impact on the adjacent properties. However this tree is considered to provide considerable amenity to the area, and would have been present prior to the houses being built.
- 6. Similarly the pine tree in the front garden of 40 South View Road has an overbearing impact on the immediately adjacent properties. However it is also a very prominent tree that provides a substantial amount of amenity to the surrounding area.
- 7. Given the high amenity value of these trees it is considered that the impact on the adjacent properties is not sufficient to prevent the confirmation of the TPO.
- 8. Whilst the presence of large trees in proximity to properties can sometimes lead to increased premiums, it is not considered that this is an issue that should have any impact on the confirmation of a TPO. If this was accepted as a valid reason to prevent the confirmation of a TPO then it would leave a significant number of large trees without protection.
- 9. As no evidence was submitted to demonstrate that the beech trees adjacent to either 37 Caswell Road (T2) or 38 South View Road (T16) has, or is likely to cause any structural damage to the adjacent property, it is not considered that the TPO should be removed from these trees on a speculative basis; especially tree related subsidence is dependent on many factors and, at present impossible to predict with any degree of accuracy.
- 10. On inspection no major defects were observed in wither the beech tree adjacent to 37 Caswell Road (T2), or the Pine tree in the front garden of 40 South View Road (T1). Overall, subject to reasonable maintenance to the trees, it is not considered that they are in any way pre-disposed to failure. As such it s not considered that the conditions of the trees is any reason to prevent the confirmation of the order. If the trees decline in health in the future, then the TPO allows for permission to be granted for works to maintain them in an appropriate condition.
- 11. The beech tree (T16) in the rear garden of 58 Gospel End Road is publicly visible along with adjacent trees for a significant distance along the arm of South View Road that joins Langland Drive. Whilst not the most prominent tree it is considered that the tree provides sufficient amenity value to warrant protection.
- 12. Despite the objectors claim that the tree wasn't previously protected, records show that the tree was protected as T4 of TPO 694 that was served in 2002
- As the T16 is situated adjacent to the southern boundary of the objector's property, it is accepted that it will block light form the property from early to mid-afternoon. However it is not considered that the impact on the property is so great that it

should prevent the confirmation of the TPO. Also an application could be made to undertake works to the tree that would limit the amount of light obstructed.

- 14. The issues relating to leaf fall or sap fall from the trees are not considered to be sufficient grounds to prevent the confirmation of the TPO. Whilst leaf fall and sap fall can sometimes cause issues, they are natural processes that must be tolerated if we are to enjoy the benefits of having mature trees in an urban area.
- 15. With the exception of a small number of dead branches on the northern side of the pine tree no obviously defective branches were observed. As such the chances of further branch failure are considered to be limited. To this end it is not considered that the confirmation of the TPO should be prevent on the grounds of potential future branch fall.
- 16. It was noted that the retaining wall adjacent to the pine trees appears to be in the process of moving away from the vertical. Given the nature of the movement it is not considered that the tree is the cause of the movement, but more related to the natural ground pressure behind the wall.
- 17. Given that the wall is likely to need repair it is considered that if there are no other viable alternatives to the repair or rebuilding of the wall that will not require the removal of the tree then this may be appropriate grounds to fell the tree. This would need to be the subject of a formal TPO application, and it would be for the applicant to demonstrate that there are no other reasonable alternatives to the removal of the tree. As such it not considered, on balance, that the confirmation of the TPO should be prevented by the current movement of the wall.
- 18. Whilst Scots pine may not be the ideal species choice for this location, this part of Sedgley is characterised by relatively large trees that are located through the housing estates that cover the area. As such it is not considered that relationship between the tree and the houses is sufficiently bad or out of character to warrant the removal of the tree. As such the confirmation of the TPO on this tree should not be prevented for this reason
- 19. Overall it is considered that the trees subject to this TPO provide a sufficient amount of amenity to the surrounding area to justify the confirmation of this order and their continued protection.

CONCLUSION

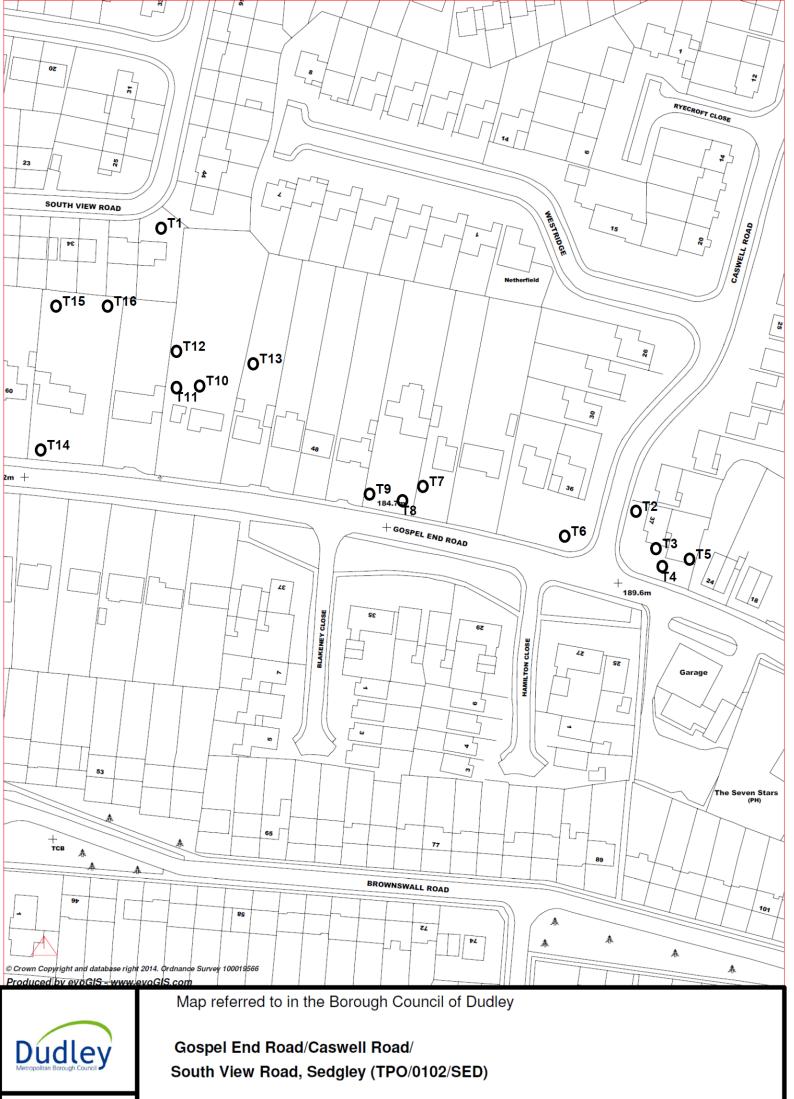
20. It is not considered that any of the objections raised to the TPOs are sufficient to prevent the confirmation of the order.

RECOMMENDATION

21. It is recommended that the Tree Preservation Order be confirmed without modification.

APPENDIX 2.2

Tree Preservation Order Plan and Schedule As Served



Tree Preservation Order 2014

SCHEDULE

Specification of trees

Trees specified individually (encircled in black on the map)

Reference on map	Description	Situation
T1	Pine	40 South View Road, Sedgley
T2	Purple Beech	37 Caswell Road, Sedgley
Т3	Silver Birch	37 Caswell Road, Sedgley
Τ4	Silver Birch	37 Caswell Road, Sedgley
Т5	Silver Birch	37 Caswell Road, Sedgley
Т6	Beech	36 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
Τ7	Cedar	42 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
Т8	Lime	44 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
Т9	Sycamore	44 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
T10	Purple Beech	54 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
T11	Silver Birch	54 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
T12	Silver Birch	54 Gospel End Road, Sedgley
T13	Beech	52 Gospel End Road,

		Sedgley	
T14	Silver Birch	58 Gospel End Road, Sedgley	
T15	Beech	58 Gospel End Road, Sedgley	
T16	Beech	58 Gospel End Road, Sedgley	
Trees specified by reference to an area (within a dotted black line on the map)			
Reference on map	Description	Situation	
	NONE		
Groups of trees (within a broken black line on the map)			
Reference on map	Description	Situation	
NONE			
Woodlands (within a continuous black line on the map)			
Reference on map	Description	Situation	
NONE			

APPENDIX 2.3

Plan Identifying Objectors Properties



★ - Objection Received from Property

